





Hellenic Republic

Ελληνική Δημοκρατία-Elliniki Dimokratía

Capital: Athens

Anthem: Ύμνος εις την Ελευθερίαν

Ýmnos is tin Eleftherían-Hymn to Liberty

Independence from the Ottoman Empire: 25/3/1821

Recognized: 3/2/1830 in the London Protocol

Current constitution: 11/6/1975

Official languages: Greek

Government: Parliamentary republic

President: Karolos Papoulias

Prime Minister: George Papandreou

Eu accession: 1/1/1981

Area-Total: 131.990 km2 Water(%): 0,8669 Population: 2010 estimate: 11.306.183

2001 census: 10.964.020

Currency: € (Euro)
Drives on the right
Internet TLD: gr
Calling code: 0030

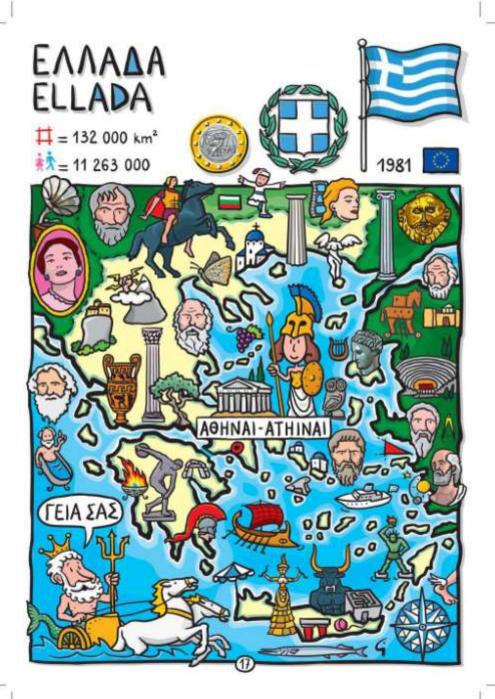
Thessaloniki (Population statistics: 800.000 as of 2001)













EJUHHM B PASHOOBPASMETO · UNIDA EN LA DIVERSIDAD

SJEDNOCENI V ROZMANITOSTI · FORENET I MANGFOLDIGED

IN VIELFALT GEEINT · ÜHINENUD MITMEKESISUSES

ENOTHTA ETHN MONYMOPOMA · UNITED IN DIVERSITY

UNIE DANS LA DIVERSITE · AONTAITHE SAN EAGSULACHT

UNITA NELLA DIVERSITÀ · VIENOTA DAUDZVEIDĪBĀ

VIENYBĒ ĮVAIROVĖJE · EGYSĒG A SOKFĒLESĒGBEN

MAGHQUDIN FID - DIVERSITÀ · EENHEID IN VERSCHEIDENHEID

ZJEDNOCZENI W ROŽNORODNOŚCI · UNIDA NA DIVERSIDADE

UNIŢI ÎN DIVERSITATE · JEDNOTNÍ V ROZMANITOSTI

ZDRUŽENI V RAZLIČNOSTI · MONINAISUUDESSAAN YHTENÄINEN

FÖRENADE I MÅNGFALDEN

Lifelong Learning Programme

Comenius-Multilateral Partnership of Schools





Title: Eco-Citizens of Common Europe

Period: 2 years (2009-2011)

Countries of Europe: 14 - Schools: 16

Bulgaria (2): (Zachary Stoyanov' gr., Varna

& Resursen centyr za podpomagane, Vidin)

Cyprus: (Primary School of Psevdas)

Denmark: (Hjertebjergskolen, Stege)

Estonia: (Tarvastu Gumnaasium, Mustla)

Greece:(6th Intercultural Primary All day School of Kordelio)

Italy: (Istituto Comprensivo 2, Taormina)

Netherlands:(Stichting LMC Voortgezet Onderwijs, Eenheid Zorg)

Norway: (Fjellsrud skole, Lørenskog)

Poland: (Szkoła Podstawowa nr 113, Lotz - the coordinator)

Portugal (2): (Agrupamento Vertical de Escolas de Monforte &

Agrupamento de Escolas do Castelo da Maia, Sta Maria Avioso)

Spain: (C.E.I.P. Conquistador Loaysa, Jarandilla de la Vera)

Turkey: (Alparsian Ilkogretim Okulu, Siirt)

United Kingdom

England: (Priorslee Primary School, Telford)

Wales: (Ysgol Gynradd Gymraeg Bryniago, Swansea)



Intercultural Primary School of Kordelio 4/4 - 11/4/2011

Lifelong Learning Programme
Comenius-Multilateral

Partnership of Schools

Countries: 14 - Schools: 16

Eco-Citizens of Common Europe 2009-11

καλώς ορίσατε

tere tulemast

welcome

bienvenido

witamy

welkom

Hoş geldiniz

bem vindo

benvenuti

Добре дошли

velkommen

Meeting in Thessaloniki, 4/4/2011 - 11/4/2011

40 Teachers and 25 Students from 13 Countries of Europe









- The following project is the result of a joint work of many European schools interested in raising the awareness of ecological problems among the project participants and recipients at a local, national and international level by means of varied and creative teaching/learning approaches.
- The broad context of the partnership assumes the promotion of the European citizenship by exploring values common to all European people, regarding our concern for the natural environment and the closely linked issue of our health condition.
- The primary objective is to make the participants more sensitive to the significance of climatic changes on the planet, the necessity of protecting the natural environment and the need of leading healthy lifestyles.

The goals will be achieved through working on two major themes, one directed at increasing the participants' knowledge of ecology and healthy life, and the other aimed to develop practical skills of ecological behaviour.

As well as working jointly on some global problems, each school will focus on certain issues of local importance, related to the characteristics of its country and/or region. Providing the active involvement of the whole schools' communities (including pupils with special needs, representatives of ethnic groups and other minority groups) is our priority. Emphasis will be placed on developing competences of foreign language communication and the use of ICT.

The ultimate end-product will be creating a multilingual website presenting the project achievements in all partner schools, possessing appropriate educational values and serving as a major source of project dissemination.

http://ecoeurope.neac2.eu/doku.php

Live your life with the right nutrition

This topic is chosen because of our conviction that it is necessary for our students to understand the value of healthy nutrition and its positive effect on their health and prevention of various diseases.

Moreover, we found out that there are wrong perceptions and problematic situations related to nutrition, such as:

- Kids' poor nutritional habits during break time at school.
- Childhood obesity
- Daily "bombardment" from TV spots related to the consumption of prepared food.
- Junk food consumption
- Eating only what we like

Purposes and specific objectives

- Understanding the relation between nutrition and health
- Adopting correct nutritional habits
- Developing communication and co-operation
- Mobilization through learning and research

- Questionnaire for nutritional habits
- Construction of the Mediterranean Nutrition pyramid.
- The importance of obesity
- Chocolate's, honey's, milk's and bread's nutritional value
- Team game called "Playful Nutrition"

- 10 reasons for good nutrition
- Visit to the dairy industry "Koukaki Farm"
- Nutrition in ancient years
- Height measurement and weighing of each student every week
- Poster design about the four groups of food

- Fairytale "Two Inseparable Friends"
- Visit to the bottling industry "Souroti" (mineral fizzy water)
- Collage with advice for healthy nutrition
- The significance of the right hydration.
- The preparation of a fruit salad

- Presentations using PowerPoint relevant to oral health, the value of healthy nutrition and the vitamins
- We like cooking!
- Making Lady Lent (figure of an old woman) with pastry
- Theatrical skit relevant to nutrition

Questionnaire for nutritional habits

QUESTIONNAIRE

Sex: Masculin	☐ Feminine ☐ Age:	Country:
Food cho	sice behaviour:	
	ra healthy diet. in accordance to t Very often Seldom No	
2. Do you eat all Yes 🗆	types of foods?	
No, but I eat a w	vide variety of food [2]	
No, I only eat a s	small variety 🗆	
3. What type of f	food do you prefer?	
"Fast-food" □	Pre-cooked food Homema	de food 🖸
4. How many me	ests do you eat per day?	
Less than t	three D Three or four D Five	or six (2) More than six (2)
5. What kind of r	meal do you est?	
Breakfasi	t 🗆 Lunch 🗆 Dinner 🗆 Tea	Afternoon Snack 🖂
Others D	2 Which ones?	2011-200-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00
6. Do you eat so	sup?	
Always D	☐ Almost always ☐ Rarely ☐	Never □
7. How many se	rvings of fruit do you have per day	n
None 🖸 One or	two Three or four Five or	rsix D More than six D
8. How often do	you eat breakfast?	
Always D	☐ Almostalways ☐ Rarely ☐	Never 🗅
9. What do you e	est for breakfast?	
Dairy products D	☐ Cereals ☐ Bread ☐ Fruit ☐	Juice CI
Coffee □ Eggs	☐ Baccon ☐	
Other products (U Which ones?	









The importance of obesity

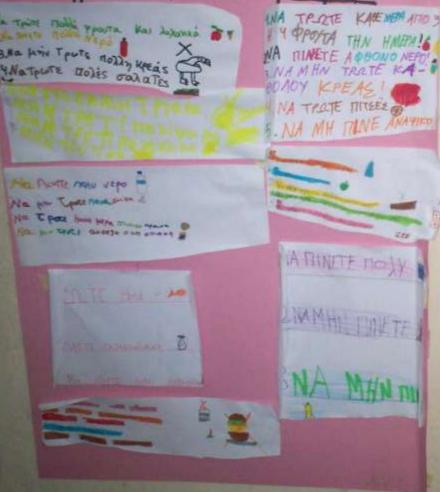


Μην καταναλώνετε πολλή ζάχορη-Πίνετε άφθονο νερό Χρησεμοποιείτε μυρωδικά στο φαγητά σαι

Kai .

Solvapin

Συμβουλές για υχιεινή διατροφή



Συμβουλές για υχιεινή διατροφή



for the good nutrition



















Making Lady Lent (figure of an old woman) with pastry





Description of the Greek joint product The snake and the ladder (The nutrition edition)



The kids of the all day school, who worked on the topic of the healthy nutrition, decided that a creative, pleasant and enjoyable way to transfer their knowledge, as well as the healthy nutritional habits, would be the design of a board game, based on the classic game:

"The Snake And The Ladder: The Nutrition Edition".





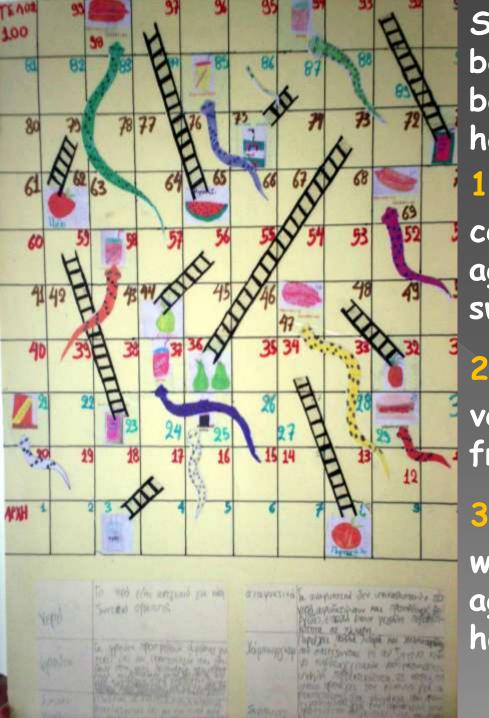
The students started working on a cardboard, which they used it as a pattern. They divided it into 100 identical squares and they wrote in them the numbers from 1 to 100. Then, they designed the ladders, which were leading to the final square (100), the winning square, as well as some snakes which were removing the players from their main target and taking them backwards.





The children got separated into 3 groups and using the above product as a pattern, they made 3 similar cardboards sticking on them the ladders and the snakes they had previously drawn. After this, they scanned pictures of many types of food they had created, like vegetables, junk food, fish, sweets, etc.

These pictures were put on the appropriate blocks of the cardboard. After writing some information about the types of food, i.e.: proteins: meat, dairy products, eggs, etc, these 4 boards were laminated.



So, the final product is a board game using 4 different boards, where the 3 of them had different topic!!!

1st board:

cereals, honey, yoghurt, against chips, junk sticks, sweets, ice-creams.

2nd board:

vegetables, legumes, against fried potatoes and pizzas.

3rd board:

water, fruits, natural juices, against soft drinks, hamburgers and hot dogs.





EVALUATION:

After this project, the students had miscellaneous feelings; from the one hand the happiness of the creation, the pride and the honors that their co-students liked their game, their satisfaction for the final result, while on the other hand they reinforced the bonds with the students of the other classes.